INSTRUCTIONS FOR COMPLETING AND FILING
THE APPLICATION, LICENSE, AND RECORD OF MARRIAGE

Center for Health Statistics
Center for Public Health Practice
Public Health Division
Oregon Health Authority

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Oregon Vital Records
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Instructions and forms are also available at
http://public.health.oregon.gov/BirthDeathCertificates/

Effective May 19, 2014
GENERAL INFORMATION

The Application, License, and Record of Marriage is a legal form. The form should be typed or printed legibly in black or dark blue ink and should not be altered. All sections of the form need to be completed unless otherwise specified in the instructions. When issuing the license, make sure all signatures in Items 25, 26, and 28 are complete. Upon return of the license from the marriage officiant, review all entries about the marriage ceremony and register the marriage. Be sure to sign and date the marriage form (Items 34 and 35). Every issuing official must send the original form to the Center for Health Statistics within fifteen days of receipt (twice a month).

AMENDING DECLARATION OF APPLICATION, LICENSE, AND RECORD OF MARRIAGE FORM

If the county amends the marriage record, a copy of the amended form must be forwarded to the Center for Health Statistics with a letter identifying the changes and asking that a similar amendment be completed by the state.
INSTRUCTIONS FOR COMPLETING THE APPLICATION, LICENSE AND RECORD OF MARRIAGE FORM

ON THE TOP PORTION OF THE MARRIAGE RECORD:

Enter the Local File Number in the space provided.

DO NOT write or mark in the space provided for the State File Number. This space is for state use only.

LOCAL OFFICIAL SECTION

Enter the county issuing the license.

Enter the dates (Month, Day, and Year) during which the marriage license can be used (“License Effective” and “License Expires”).

Note:

A marriage ceremony may not be performed before the “License effective on or after” date or after the “License expires” date. There is a three day waiting period after the date the license was issued. See ORS 106.077 for information on waiving this waiting period. If the three day waiting period is waived, the county clerk must check the WAIVER boxes for each party.

A marriage performed outside the time frame provided by these two dates will be invalid. The couple will have to procure another license, and be remarried.

CONSENT FORM BOXES

Check the consent box for Party A or Party B, if the applicant is age 17 and a consent form is provided.

WAIVER BOXES

If the three day waiting period is waived, check the WAIVER boxes for each party.
UPPER PORTION OF THE MARRIAGE LICENSE AND CERTIFICATE:

The upper portion of the marriage record contains the items required for identification of the individuals to whom the marriage license is being issued; when and by whom the license to marry was issued; and when, where and by whom the marriage was performed. These are the items of information usually furnished to establish the fact of marriage.

PARTY A  CHECK ONE (Groom, Bride, or Spouse) Use of a title is optional

ITEM 1  LEGAL NAME (First, Middle, Last)
Type or print the full, current, and legal first, middle, and last names of Party A. Do not abbreviate. Do not use nicknames.

Entries of Jr., Sr., II, and so forth, following the last name are acceptable.

LEGAL NAME at birth (if different)
Type or print the full legal first, middle, and last names at birth if different from current legal name.

Entries of Jr., Sr., II, and so forth, following the last name are acceptable.

PREVIOUS NAME (if different) The full name of Party A (along with the full name of the Party B) is needed to identify the individuals to be married.

ITEM 2  BIRTHPLACE (State or Foreign Country)
If Party A was born in the United States, enter the name of the state.

If Party A was born in a foreign country or a U.S. territory, enter the name of the country or territory.

If Party A was born in the United States but the state is unknown, enter “U.S. – unknown”.

If Party A was born in a foreign country but the country is unknown, enter “Foreign – unknown”.

If no information is available regarding place of birth, enter “Unknown”.

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Birthplace is an aid in identification. It has been used in studies that describe differences in marriage patterns between native and foreign-born persons and among persons born in different states. It may be used to analyze migration and the effect of migration on marriage. This information is also used in genealogical purposes.

**ITEM 3 DATE OF BIRTH (Month, Day, Year)**
Enter the exact month, day, and year that Party A was born.

Enter the full name of the month – January, February, March, etc.. Do not use a number or abbreviation to designate the month.

Date of birth is used for identification and to calculate the exact age of Party A.

**ITEM 4 AGE**
Enter Party A’s exact age in years on his or her last birthday. Party A must be 18 or older, or present a consent affidavit if 17 years old. [See Item 23.]

Age is used by the local licensing authority to determine whether or not the individuals are of legal age for marriage according to State law. Age is also used to describe and analyze differences in marriage patterns of parties along with race, geographic area, and other characteristics. Having both age and date of birth on the record increases the accuracy of the information.

**ITEM 5 SEX**
Type or print the sex (“Male” or “Female”) of Party A.

**ITEM 6 OCCUPATION**
Enter the occupation of Party A at the time of entering into this marriage. The occupation may be a source of income, livelihood, or vocation. Student, Unemployed, or Retired are acceptable as occupations.

**ITEM 7 PREVIOUS MARITAL STATUS**
Type or print Party A’s marital status prior to the current marriage (“Single”, “Widowed”, or “Divorced”).

**ITEM 8a FATHER’S NAME (First, Middle, Legal Surname prior to 1st Marriage)**
Type or print the first, middle, and last names of the father of Party A. The last name should be the legal surname prior to the father’s first marriage,
which is generally the last name on the father’s birth certificate. Do not abbreviate.

Entries of Jr., Sr., II, and so forth, following the last name are acceptable.

The father’s name is used for identification and for legal matters such as consent to marry when required by State law. The item can be used to establish Party A’s parentage and to provide information for genealogical purposes.

ITEM 8b  BIRTHPLACE (State or Foreign Country) of Party A’s Father
If the father of Party A was born in the United States, enter the name of the state.

If the father was born in a foreign country or U.S. territory, enter the name of the country or territory.

If the father was born in the United States but the state is unknown, enter “U.S. – unknown”.

If the father was born in a foreign country, but the country is unknown, enter “Foreign – unknown”.

If no information is available regarding place of birth, enter “Unknown”.

The birthplace of parents is used for identification and genealogical purposes.

ITEM 9a  MOTHER’S NAME (First, Middle, Legal Surname Prior to first Marriage)
Type or print the first, middle, and last names of the mother of Party A. The last name should be the legal surname prior to the mother’s first marriage, which is generally the last name on the mother’s birth certificate. Do not abbreviate.

If the mother is married, widowed, or divorced, be sure to enter her maiden surname, not a last name acquired by marriage.

The mother’s name is used for identification. The item can be used to establish Party A’s parentage and to provide information for genealogical purposes.
ITEM 9b  BIRTHPLACE (State or Foreign Country) of Party A’s Mother
If the mother of Party A was born in the United States, enter the name of the state.

If the mother was born in a foreign country or U.S. territory, enter the name of the country or territory.

If the mother was born in the United States but the state is unknown, enter “U.S. – Unknown”.

If the mother was born in a foreign country, but the country is unknown, enter “Foreign – unknown”.

If no information is available regarding place of birth, enter “Unknown”.

The birthplace of parents is used for identification and genealogical purposes.

ITEM 10a  PARTY A’s ADDRESS (Street and Number, City or Town, State/Country, and Zip)
Enter full address (Number and Street, City, State, Country, and Zip Code). Do not use a mailing address.

ITEM 10b  COUNTY OF RESIDENCE
Enter current county of residence.
This item may be left BLANK if residing outside the U.S.

Party A’s residence is the place where his or her household is located. The city, county, and state entered should be that of the place where Party A actually lives. Never enter a temporary residence, such as one used during a visit, business trip, or vacation. However, place of residence during a tour of military duty or during attendance at college is not considered temporary and should be entered on the certificate as Party A’s place of residence.

Party A’s residence is used for identification and refers to the place regarded as home up to the time of marriage. It provides the basis for determining the marriage rate for residents of particular areas and for comparing place of marriage with place of residence.
ITEM 11  PARTY A’s LEGAL NAME TAKEN AFTER MARRIAGE (First, Middle, Last)

With the passage of Senate Bill 406 during the 2013 Legislative Session, Party A may retain his or her last name, or change his or her last name to the last name of Party B; or change his or her name to a combination of his or her and Party B’s last names, with or without hyphens. If Party A changes the last name, Party A may also change or add to his or her middle name the name that was his or her last name prior to the marriage. Please see Appendix A at the end of this document for complete instructions and examples.

[If Party A wishes to change his or her last name to a name not authorized under ORS 106.220(1) (outlined above), he or she must obtain a court order of name change pursuant to ORS 33.140.]

PARTY B CHECK ONE (Groom, Bride, or Spouse) Use of a title is optional

ITEM 12  LEGAL NAME (First, Middle, Last)
Type or print the full, current, and legal first, middle, and last names of Party B. Do not abbreviate. Do not use nicknames.

Entries of Jr., Sr., II, and so forth, following the last name are acceptable.

LEGAL NAME at birth (if different)
Type or print the full legal first, middle, and last names at birth if different from current legal name.

Entries of Jr., Sr., II, and so forth, following the last name are acceptable.

PREVIOUS NAME (if different)
The full name of Party B (along with the full name of the Party A) is needed to identify the individuals to be married.

ITEM 13  BIRTHPLACE (State or Foreign Country) – Party B
If Party B was born in the United States, enter the name of the state.

If Party B was born in a foreign country or a U.S. territory, enter the name of the country or territory.

If Party B was born in the United States but the state is unknown, enter “U.S. – unknown”.

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If Party B was born in a foreign country but the country is unknown, enter “Foreign – unknown”.

If no information is available regarding place of birth, enter “Unknown”.

Birthplace is an aid in identification. It has been used in studies that describe differences in marriage patterns between native and foreign-born persons and among persons born in different states. It may be used to analyze migration and the effect of migration on marriage. This information is also used in genealogical purposes.

ITEM 14 DATE OF BIRTH (Month, Day, Year)
Enter the exact month, day, and year that Party B was born.

Enter the full name of the month – January, February, March, etc.. Do not use a number or abbreviation to designate the month.

Date of birth is used for identification and to calculate the exact age of Party B.

ITEM 15 AGE
Enter Party B’s exact age in years on his or her last birthday. Party B must be 18 or older, or present a consent affidavit if 17 years old. [See Item 24.]

Age is used by the local licensing authority to determine whether or not the individuals are of legal age for marriage according to State law. Age is also used to describe and analyze differences in marriage patterns of parties along with race, geographic area, and other characteristics. Having both age and date of birth on the record increases the accuracy of the information.

ITEM 16 SEX
Type or print the sex (“Male” or “Female”) of Party B.

ITEM 17 OCCUPATION
Enter the occupation of Party B at the time of entering into this marriage. The occupation may be a source of income, livelihood, or vocation. Student, Unemployed, or Retired are acceptable as occupations.

ITEM 18 PREVIOUS MARITAL STATUS
Type or print Party B’s marital status prior to the current marriage (“Single”, “Widowed”, or “Divorced”).
ITEM 19a  FATHER’S NAME (First, Middle, Legal Surname prior to First Marriage)
Type or print the first, middle, and last names of the father of Party B. The last name should be the legal surname prior to the father’s first marriage, which is generally the last name on the father’s birth certificate. Do not abbreviate.

Entries of Jr., Sr., II, and so forth, following the last name are acceptable.

The father’s name is used for identification and for legal matters such as consent to marry when required by State law. The item can be used to establish Party B’s parentage and to provide information for genealogical purposes.

ITEM 19b  BIRTHPLACE (State or Foreign Country) of Party B’s Father
If the father of Party B was born in the United States, enter the name of the state.

If the father was born in a foreign country or U.S. territory, enter the name of the country or territory.

If the father was born in the United States but the state is unknown, enter “U.S. – unknown”.

If the father was born in a foreign country, but the country is unknown, enter “Foreign – unknown”.

If no information is available regarding place of birth, enter “Unknown”.

The birthplace of parents is used for identification and genealogical purposes.

ITEM 20a  MOTHER’S NAME (First, Middle, Legal Surname Prior to first Marriage)
Type or print the first, middle, and last names of the mother of Party B. The last name should be the legal surname prior to the mother’s first marriage, which is generally the last name on the mother’s birth certificate. Do not abbreviate.

If the mother is married, widowed, or divorced, be sure to enter her maiden surname, not a last name acquired by marriage.
The mother’s name is used for identification. The item can be used to establish Party B’s parentage and to provide information for genealogical purposes.

**ITEM 20b BIRTHPLACE (State or Foreign Country) of Party B’s Mother**
If the mother of Party B was born in the United States, enter the name of the state.

If the mother was born in a foreign country or U.S. territory, enter the name of the country or territory.

If the mother was born in the United States but the state is unknown, enter “U.S. – Unknown”.

If the mother was born in a foreign country, but the country is unknown, enter “Foreign – unknown”.

If no information is available regarding place of birth, enter “Unknown”.

The birthplace of parents is used for identification and genealogical purposes.

**ITEM 21a PARTY B’s ADDRESS (Street and Number, City or Town, State/Country, and Zip)**
Enter full address (Number and Street, City, State, Country, and Zip Code). Do not use a mailing address.

**ITEM 21b COUNTY OF RESIDENCE**
Enter current county of residence. This item may be left BLANK if residing outside the U.S.

Party B’s residence is the place where his or her household is located. The city, county, and state entered should be that of the place where Party B actually lives. Never enter a temporary residence, such as one used during a visit, business trip, or vacation. However, place of residence during a tour of military duty or during attendance at college is not considered temporary and should be entered on the certificate as Party B’s place of residence.

Party B’s residence is used for identification and refers to the place regarded as home up to the time of marriage. It provides the basis for determining the marriage rate for residents of particular areas and for comparing place of marriage with place of residence.
ITEM 22 PARTY B’s LEGAL NAME TAKEN AFTER MARRIAGE (First, Middle, Last)

With the passage of Senate Bill 406 during the 2013 Legislative Session, Party B may retain his or her last name, or change his or her last name to the last name of Party A; or change his or her name to a combination of his or her and Party A’s last names, with or without hyphens. If Party B changes the last name, Party B may also change or add to his or her middle name the name that was his or her last name prior to the marriage. Please see Appendix A at the end of this document for complete instructions and examples.

[If Party B wishes to change his or her last name to a name not authorized under ORS 106.220(1) (outlined above), he or she must obtain a court order of name change pursuant to ORS 33.140.]

ITEM 23 AFFIDAVIT OF AGE – PARTY A
Type or print the Name and Address of the Affiant (the person providing the affidavit of proof of Party A’s age) if an affidavit of age is provided.

ITEM 24 AFFIDAVIT OF AGE – PARTY B
Type or print the Name and Address of the Affiant (the person providing the affidavit of proof of Party B’s age) if an affidavit of age is provided.

SIGNATURES OF PARTIES

ITEM 25 PARTY A’s LEGAL SIGNATURE and DATE
Party A must sign his or her full legal name and date signed in black or dark blue ink.

ITEM 26 PARTY B LEGAL SIGNATURE and DATE
Party B must sign his or her full legal name and date signed in black or dark blue ink.

The signatures are legal items attesting that the information provided is correct and each party is entitled to marry under the laws of Oregon. The use of dark ink insures that the signatures will be legible on microfilmed images of the record.

ITEMS 27-29 TO BE COMPLETED BY THE COUNTY CLERK ISSUING THE LICENSE
ITEMS 30-33 TO BE COMPLETED BY THE OFFICIANT

ITEM 30a DATE OF MARRIAGE
Enter the full name of the month – January, February, March, etc.
Do not use a number or abbreviation to designate the month.

The date of marriage MUST fall within the “License Effective” and
“License Expires” dates. See Notes on these dates in the Instructions for
the top portion of the form.

This is a legal item showing when the marriage actually occurred. The date of the
marriage is important for legal rights and responsibilities. It is also used to confirm that
the license was valid at the time of the ceremony.

The date of marriage is used statistically to count the number of marriages that occur
during a specified period of time. It may be used in combination with other items on the
certificate for analysis of marriage trends and characteristics.

ITEM 30b WHERE MARRIED – CITY, TOWN OR LOCATION
Enter the name of the city, town, or location in Oregon where the marriage
ceremony took place.

ITEM 30c COUNTY
Enter the name of the county in Oregon where the marriage ceremony took
place.

This is a legal item that establishes whether the marriage was performed within Oregon.
It may also be used for statistical analysis of marriage by place of occurrence.

ITEM 31a SIGNATURE OF PERSON PERFORMING CEREMONY
(OFFICIANT)

ITEM 31b TITLE
Type or print the title (e.g., Reverend or Judge) of the officiant. The term
“officiant” is usually a role and not an official title; however, if the
authorizing organization designates Officiant as the true title of persons
authorized to perform weddings, this title may be used.

ITEM 31c PRINT NAME AND ADDRESS OF OFFICIANT (PERSON
PERFORMING CEREMONY)
Type or print the full name, mailing address, and phone number of the
person performing the marriage ceremony.
This information is used if there is a need to contact the officiant regarding the record.

**ITEM 31d  NAME AND ADDRESS OF THE AUTHORIZING RELIGIOUS CONGREGATION OR ORGANIZATION OF OFFICIANT**
Type or print the full name, address, and phone number of the organization (religious or civil) of the person performing the marriage ceremony. The organization must be in existence at the time the marriage is solemnized. Internet addresses and mailing addresses such as PO Boxes are not acceptable.

**ITEM 32-33  WITNESS NAME (PRINT)**
The names of the two witnesses to the ceremony should be printed in these spaces.

**ITEMS 34-35 TO BE COMPLETED BY COUNTY OFFICIAL UPON RETURN OF APPLICATION, LICENSE AND RECORD OF MARRIAGE**

**ITEM 34  SIGNATURE OF COUNTY OFFICIAL**
The county clerk or other official responsible for accepting the record at the county should sign his or her full name in permanent black ink.

**ITEM 35  DATE FILED BY COUNTY OFFICIAL (Month, Day, Year)**
The local official should enter the exact month, day, and year that the marriage certificate was filed.

The signature of the local official and the date filed are legally required items that authenticate the certificate and prove that the certificate was properly filed within the time period specified by law.
ORS 432.010 required statistical information: THE INFORMATION BELOW WILL NOT APPEAR ON THE CERTIFIED COPIES OF THE RECORD.

ORS 106.041 requires each applicant’s Social Security Number to be collected in a confidential portion of the record.

ITEM 36 PARTY A’s SOCIAL SECURITY NUMBER
Type or print the Social Security number, or enter “None” or “Unknown” or “Refused”.

ITEM 37 PARTY B’s SOCIAL SECURITY NUMBER
Type or print the Social Security number, or enter “None” or “Unknown” or “Refused”.

STATISTICAL PORTION

The lower portion of the form contains statistical information which is not included in certified copies. This information (items 38 through 41b) is used for a wide range of research purposes.

Enter “REFUSED” in each item that is not completed.

ITEM 38 NUMBER OF THIS MARRIAGE (First, Second, etc., specify)
ITEM 38a PARTY A
ITEM 38b PARTY B

Enter the number of this marriage for Party A and for Party B.

If he or she has never been married prior to this marriage, enter “First”.

If he or she has been married prior to this marriage, enter the number of this marriage – “Second,” “Third,” etc.

This information is used to study how population growth and childbearing patterns are affected by disruption and resumption of marriage and to examine the trend of marriages by previous marital history. Number of this marriage has been shown to be related to age at marriage, stability of the marriage, and fertility of the couple.
ITEM 39  IF PREVIOUSLY MARRIED, THE DATE AND REASON LAST MARRIAGE ENDED

ITEM 39a BY DEATH, DIVORCE, DISSOLUTION OR ANNULMENT (SPECIFY BELOW) – PARTY A
If Party A was previously married, enter death, dissolution, divorce, or annulment to describe the manner in which the last marriage ended. If never previously married, enter “Never Married”.

ITEM 39b DATE (Month, Day Year)
Enter the exact month, day, and year that Party A’s last marriage (in ITEM 39a) ended. You may use the alpha abbreviation for the month. Do not use a number to designate the month.

Specify the date of the death of a previous spouse or the date when the last dissolution, divorce, or annulment became final. If Party A was never previously married, leave this item blank.

ITEM 39c BY DEATH, DIVORCE, DISSOLUTION OR ANNULMENT (SPECIFY BELOW) – PARTY B
If Party B was previously married, enter death, dissolution, divorce, or annulment to describe the manner in which the last marriage ended. If never previously married, enter “Never Married”.

ITEM 39d DATE (Month, Day, Year)
Enter the exact month, day, and year that Party B’s last marriage (in ITEM 39a) ended. You may use the alpha abbreviation for the month. Do not use a number to designate the month.

Specify the date of the death of a previous spouse or the date when the last divorce, dissolution, or annulment became final. If Party B was never previously married, leave this item blank.

Information from items 39a-d permits the study of the interval between the date of remarriage and the date of dissolution of the last marriage, by type of dissolution. It is used for constructing marriage “life tables,” which show the likelihood of widowhood, divorce, and remarriage after a given age. It is also used for planning by the Social Security Administration, by pension funds, and by the county clerk for determining whether the parties are free to marry.
ITEM 40  RACE (American Indian, Black, White, etc.) OPTIONAL
ITEM 40a  PARTY A
ITEM 40b  PARTY B

Enter the race of both Party A and Party B.

For Asians and Pacific Islanders, enter the national origin, such as Chinese, Japanese, Korean, Filipino, or Hawaiian.

If Party A or Party B is of multiple races, enter the races or origins.

Race is essential in producing marriage data for minority groups. It is used to study marriage patterns and childbearing experience for racial groups. Race is an important variable in studies of population growth and family formation. Marriage data by race are needed to ensure that all racial groups are adequately represented in detailed studies of family formation.

ITEM 41  EDUCATION (Specify highest grade completed)
Elementary/Secondary (0-12) or College (1-4 or 5+)
ITEM 41a  PARTY A
ITEM 41b  PARTY B

Enter the highest number of years of regular schooling completed by Party A and by Party B in either the space for elementary/secondary school or the space for college. An entry should be made in only one of the spaces for each party. The other space should be left blank. Report only those years of school that were completed.

A person who enrolls in college but does not complete one full year should not be identified with any college education in this item.

Count formal schooling only. Do not include beauty, barber, trade, business, technical, or other special schools when determining the highest grade completed.

Education is an indicator of socioeconomic status and is used in combination with other items on the certificate to measure patterns and differences.
Appendix A

Options for last name taken after marriage
Oregon Application, License, and Record of Marriage
Effective June 7, 2013
Revised July 23, 2013

Oregon Revised Statutes106.220 Name upon entering into marriage; legal effect.

(1) Upon entering into marriage, either party may:
   (a) Retain the party’s middle name, if any, and surname prior to the marriage;
   (b) Retain the party’s middle name, if any, and change the party’s surname to the surname of the other party;
   (c) Either retain or remove the party’s middle name, if any, and change the party’s surname to a combination of one or more of the surnames, or names within the surnames, of either or both parties, with or without a hyphen;
   (d) Change the party’s middle name, if any, to the party’s surname at birth or prior to the marriage; or
   (e) Add to the party’s middle name, if any, the party’s surname at birth or prior to the marriage and change the party’s surname to the surname of the other party.

(2) Each party must indicate on the application, license and record of marriage the party’s name after marriage.

(3) The name of each party after marriage as indicated on the application, license and record of marriage shall become the sole legal name of each party after marriage. If a party indicates a name change other than as described in subsection (1) of this section, the party shall request approval of the court pursuant to ORS 33.410.

(4) As used in this section, “middle name” and “surname” mean a name that may consist of one or more different names. [2013]
**Examples of Possible Combinations of Names**

*( ) indicates middle name may be retained or removed

**Single name in surname**

Party A’s pre-marriage name: **Mary Ann Smith**
Party A’s surname at birth: **Wilson**

Party B’s pre-marriage name: **Mark Samuel Jones**
Party B’s surname at birth: **Jones**

Party A’s name taken at marriage can only be one of the following:

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>First</th>
<th>Middle</th>
<th>Surname (last name)</th>
<th>ORS 106.220(1) section</th>
</tr>
</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td>Mary</td>
<td>Ann</td>
<td>Smith</td>
<td>(a)</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Mary</td>
<td>Ann</td>
<td>Jones</td>
<td>(b)</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Mary</td>
<td>*(Ann)</td>
<td>Smith Jones or Smith-Jones</td>
<td>(c)</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Mary</td>
<td>*(Ann)</td>
<td>Jones Smith or Jones-Smith</td>
<td>(c)</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Mary</td>
<td>Wilson</td>
<td>Smith</td>
<td>(d)</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Mary</td>
<td>Smith</td>
<td>Smith</td>
<td>(d)</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Mary</td>
<td>Ann Wilson</td>
<td>Jones</td>
<td>(e)</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Mary</td>
<td>Ann Smith</td>
<td>Jones</td>
<td>(e)</td>
</tr>
</tbody>
</table>

Party B’s name taken at marriage can only be one of the following:

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>First</th>
<th>Middle</th>
<th>Surname (last name)</th>
<th>ORS 106.220(1) section</th>
</tr>
</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td>Mark</td>
<td>Samuel</td>
<td>Jones</td>
<td>(a)</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Mark</td>
<td>Samuel</td>
<td>Smith</td>
<td>(b)</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Mark</td>
<td>*(Samuel)</td>
<td>Smith Jones or Smith-Jones</td>
<td>(c)</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Mark</td>
<td>*(Samuel)</td>
<td>Jones Smith or Jones-Smith</td>
<td>(c)</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Mark</td>
<td>Jones</td>
<td>Jones</td>
<td>(d)</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Mark</td>
<td>Samuel Jones</td>
<td>Smith</td>
<td>(e)</td>
</tr>
</tbody>
</table>
More than one name in surnames
*( ) indicates middle name may be retained or removed

Party A’s pre-marriage name: **Maria Alejandra Sanchez Garcia**
Party A’s surname at birth: **Sanchez Garcia**
Party B’s pre-marriage name: **Miguel Sergio Jimenez Gonzales**

Party A’s name taken at marriage can only be one of the following:

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>First</th>
<th>Middle</th>
<th>Surname (last name)</th>
<th>ORS 106.220(1) section</th>
</tr>
</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td>Maria</td>
<td>Alejandra</td>
<td>Sanchez Garcia</td>
<td>(a)</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Maria</td>
<td>Alejandra</td>
<td>Jimenez Gonzales</td>
<td>(b)</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Maria</td>
<td>*(Alejandra)</td>
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Party B’s name taken at marriage can only be one of the following:

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