

TABLE 6-56. Highest and lowest age-adjusted death rates¹ by state, 2014²

Cause	Lowest		Highest	
	State	Rate	State	Rate
All causes	Hawaii	588.7	Mississippi	937.6
Heart disease	Minnesota	116.5	Mississippi	229.9
Malignant neoplasms	Utah	127.4	Kentucky	198.8
Unintended injuries	Maryland	26.6	New Mexico	72.1
Chronic lower respiratory disease	Hawaii	17.1	Kentucky	63.9
Cerebrovascular disease	Rhode Island	25.6	Mississippi	48.8
Alzheimer's disease	New York	10.7	Washington	43.6
Diabetes mellitus	Nevada	11.4	West Virginia	33.3
Influenza & pneumonia	Oregon	9.1	Nevada	23.8
Nephritis & nephrosis	Arizona	4.1	Louisiana	24.9
Suicide	District of Columbia	7.8	Montana	23.9
Septicemia	Vermont	2.9	Mississippi	19.6
Alcohol-induced deaths	Maryland	4.4	New Mexico	23.8
Hypertension	Wyoming	4.1	Mississippi	14.7
Parkinson's disease	New York	5.3	Utah	9.6
Homicide	Massachusetts	1.6	District of Columbia	13.7
Perinatal conditions	New Hampshire	2.4	Georgia	5.7
Congenital anomalies	Hawaii	1.5	South Dakota	5.1
Aortic aneurysm & dissection	Massachusetts	2.1	Wisconsin	3.7
Viral hepatitis	Wisconsin	1.0	District of Columbia	5.2
HIV/AIDS	Wisconsin	0.7	District of Columbia	11.2
Amyotrophic lateral sclerosis	Nevada	1.4	North Dakota	3.6
Arteriosclerosis	Minnesota	0.3	Kansas	12.2

¹ Rates are adjusted to the U.S. standard million population and are per 100,000. Age-adjusted death rates allow the comparison of Oregon and the U.S. as if the population structure of each were identical (Oregon's population is older than the U.S. as a whole). All rates in this table were calculated using the federal Centers for Disease Control and Prevention WONDER (Wide-ranging Online Data for Epidemiological Research) system (<http://wonder.cdc.gov>). These rates may vary slightly from rates published by the National Center for Health Statistics and the Oregon Center for Health Statistics due to different file closure dates and different population estimate methodologies.

² Most recent year for which final data are available.