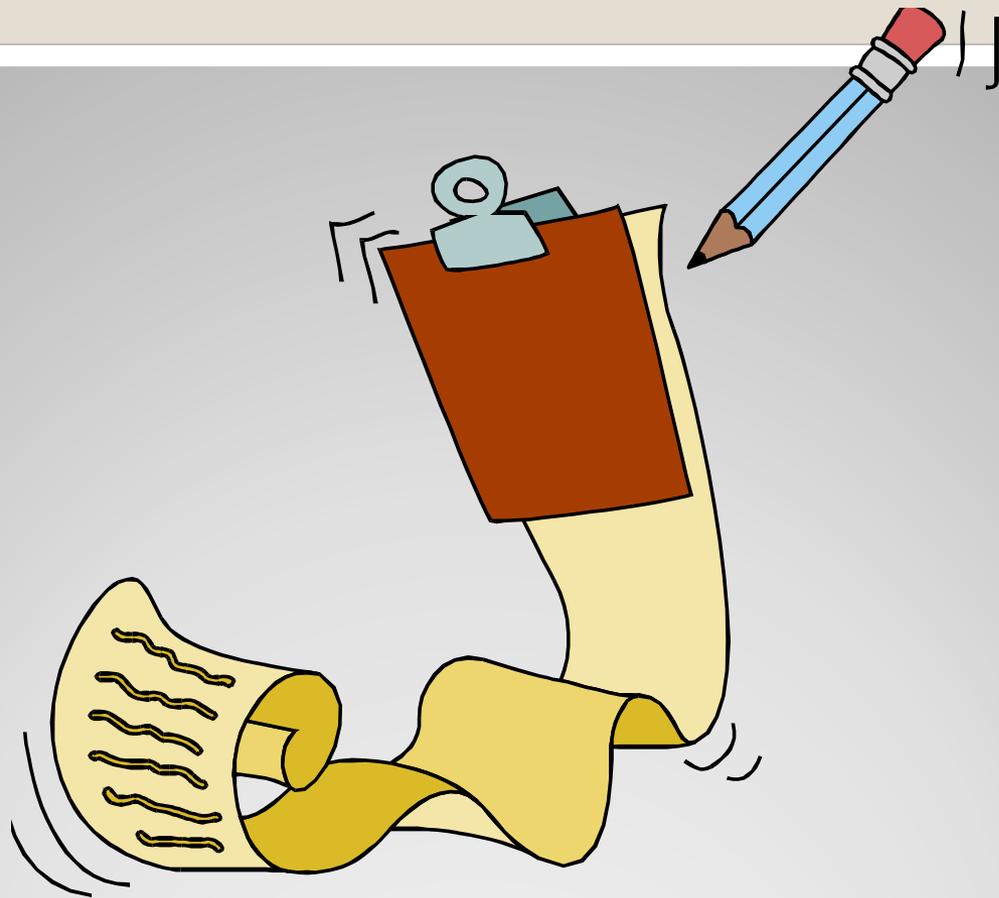


# Packaging and Shipping Training

Washington Environmental  
Biomonitoring Survey (WEBS)



Washington Environmental  
Biomonitoring Survey (WEBS)



Responsibilities

- Identify any special arrangements
- Pack properly
- Label properly
- Mark correctly
- Document each shipment
- Notifies FedEx and Field Manager of shipment
  - Arranges a delivery with PHL
- Must report all spills or accidents to local authority, consignor, consignee and responsible person(s)

## **Responsibilities of Shipper (Field Staff)**



Collecting Urine

- Use gloves
- Para-film top of urine container to ensure no leakage
- Place urine cup inside small biohazard bag containing absorbent sheet
- Place in gridded freezer box
- Put in cooler containing dry ice
- Be sure that all specimen, paperwork and coolers/containers have proper labeling



## Collecting and Packing Urine at Participant Homes

# Basic Packaging = Triple Packaging

- **Primary receptacle** - watertight
  - Contains the specimen
- **Secondary packaging** - watertight
  - May contain multiple primaries
- **Outer packaging** –
  - Rigid material



# Basic - Primary Receptacle

- Contains the specimen
- Properly Labeled (spelling, legibility, etc.)
- Seal – no leakage
  - Screw cap containers are sealed with adhesive tape (Para Film)
- Wrap in cushioning material or separate primary receptacles to prevent breakage
  - Grids separate primary receptacles in the freezer box





Leak Proof  
Primary  
Container

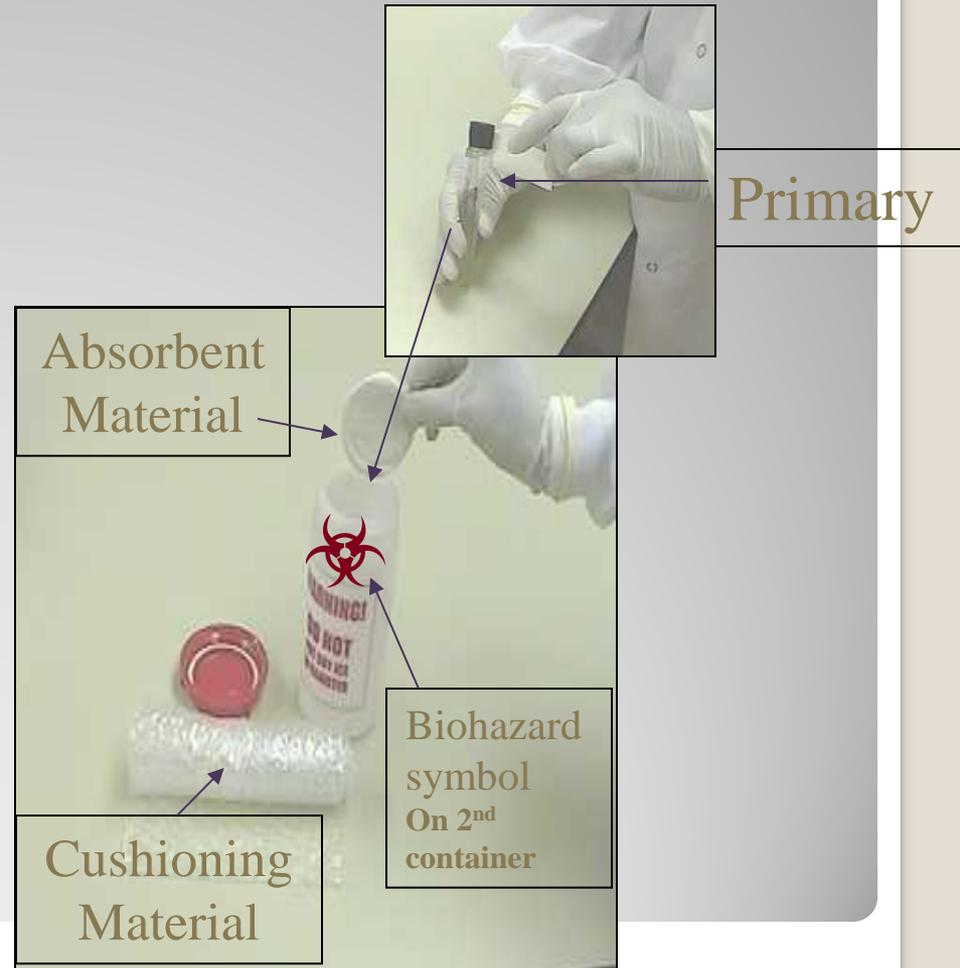
**Leak Proof Primary Container**



## Urine Cup in Small Biohazard Bag with Absorbent Sheet

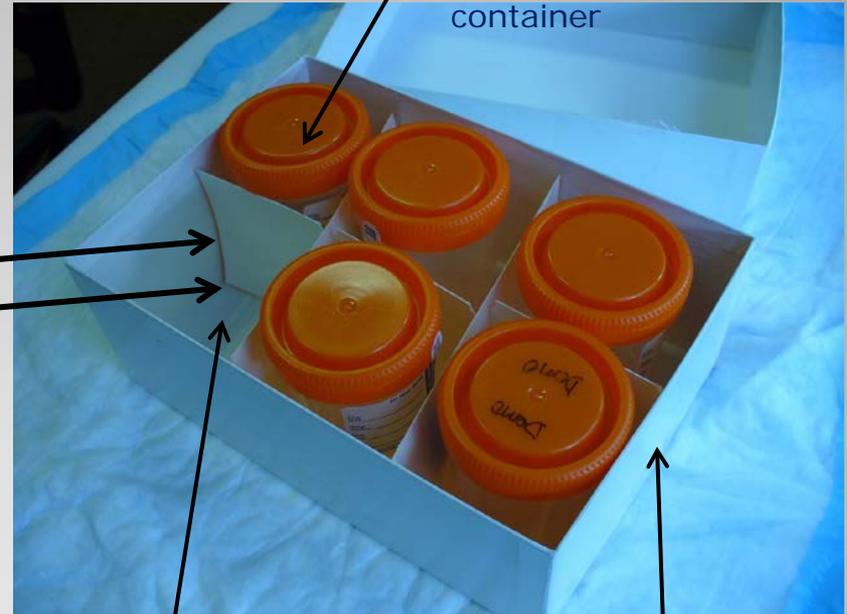
# Basic - Secondary Container

- Contains
  - Cushioning for primary receptacle(s)
  - Absorbent material, if liquid specimens
  - Include absorbent material with frozen liquid – in case of melting
- Must be leak proof or sift proof
- Can be locking seal or taped.





Urine  
Container  
= leak  
proof  
primary  
container

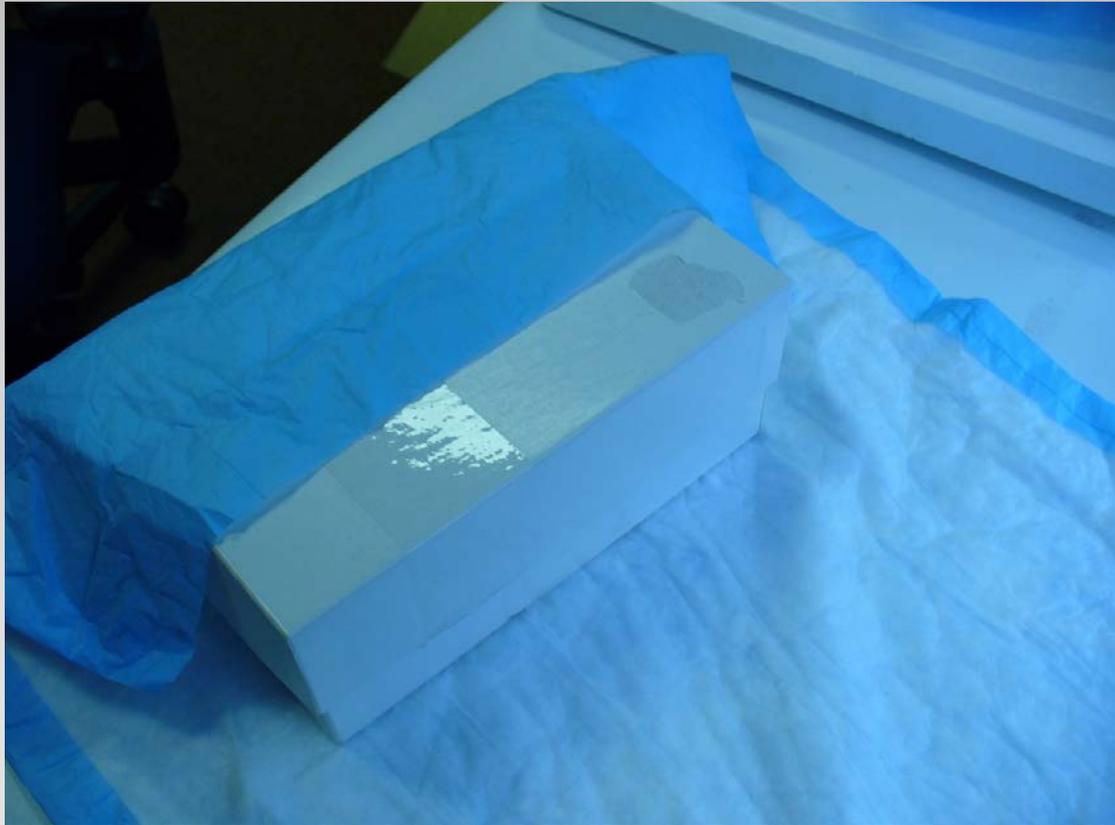


Absorbent sheets  
placed at bottom of  
freezer box capable of  
absorbing TOTAL  
volume of liquid in  
containers

6 Cell Urine  
Freezer Box =  
Secondary  
Container

## Secondary Container/Packaging

# Absorbent Pad Wrapped Around Freezer Box for Extra Protection and Padding





**Freezer Box Containing Urine Specimen Placed Inside Leak Proof Secondary Packaging (one freezer box/bag)**



Insulating Layer  
made of  
Styrofoam

Secondary  
container placed  
inside rigid outer  
container

# (Rigid) Outer Container

Rigid cardboard  
shell protecting  
integrity of  
entire shipper



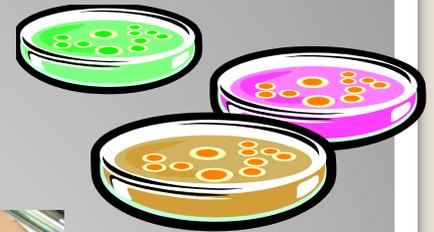
**Styrofoam Lid**



Packaging

- Use **ONLY** container provided by WEBS
- Triple Pack
- Completely fill out Chain of Custody (CoC) form
- Place the CoC (which is also a list of contents) in the label pouch on the outer container holding the specimen
  - If shipping FedEx place CoC behind FedEx label in the label pouch
  - If it's just a few urine cups tape the ziploc bag to the bundle of cups

## Packaging of Specimen



# Labeling Specimen and Packages

- “X” rows of barcode labels per household
- One row of 5 barcodes labels per participant
  1. Urine Cup
  2. CoC
  3. Participant Survey
  4. Contact Form
  5. Household Survey (only 1 participant/household)



## Barcode Labels



Barcode label  
must be  
**vertical** (like a  
ladder)

# Proper Specimen Labeling



Washington State Department of Health  
 Chain of Custody Record

Washington State Department of Health - Public Health Laboratories  
 Offices of Environmental Laboratory Sciences  
 1510 NE 150th Street  
 Shoreline, WA 98155-9701  
 Lab Contact: Stephanie Wang (206) 418-5524  
 Fax: (206) 418-5465

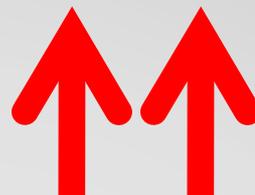
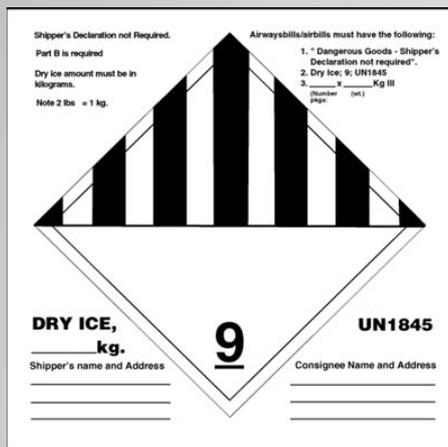
Instructions to Lab:  
 1. All samples will be analyzed for As, Metals, and Pesticides  
 2. One container per sample  
 3. Matrix = Urine  
 4. Project: WEBS Phase 1  
 5. Contact Brent Olson at (360) 236-4253 with questions or problems

Team Member (WEBS) ID: BDO Carrier Information:  FED EX  UPS  Other (Delivery)

Sample ID (Participant Specimen #)	Pickup Date	Frozen at Pickup	Sample Info Date Time	5 Year Sample	Ship Date	Frozen at Lab	Leaking Sample	Comments
1)  WA0074340	5-3-2010	Y/N	5-2-2010 9:30 AM	Y/N	5-3-2010	Y/N	Y/N	
2)  WA0074341	5-3-2010	Y/N	5-2-2010 8:30 AM	Y/N	5-3-2010	Y/N	Y/N	
3)  WA0074340	5-3-2010	Y/N	5-2-2010 8:30 AM	Y/N	5-3-2010	Y/N	Y/N	

Matching Chain of Custody

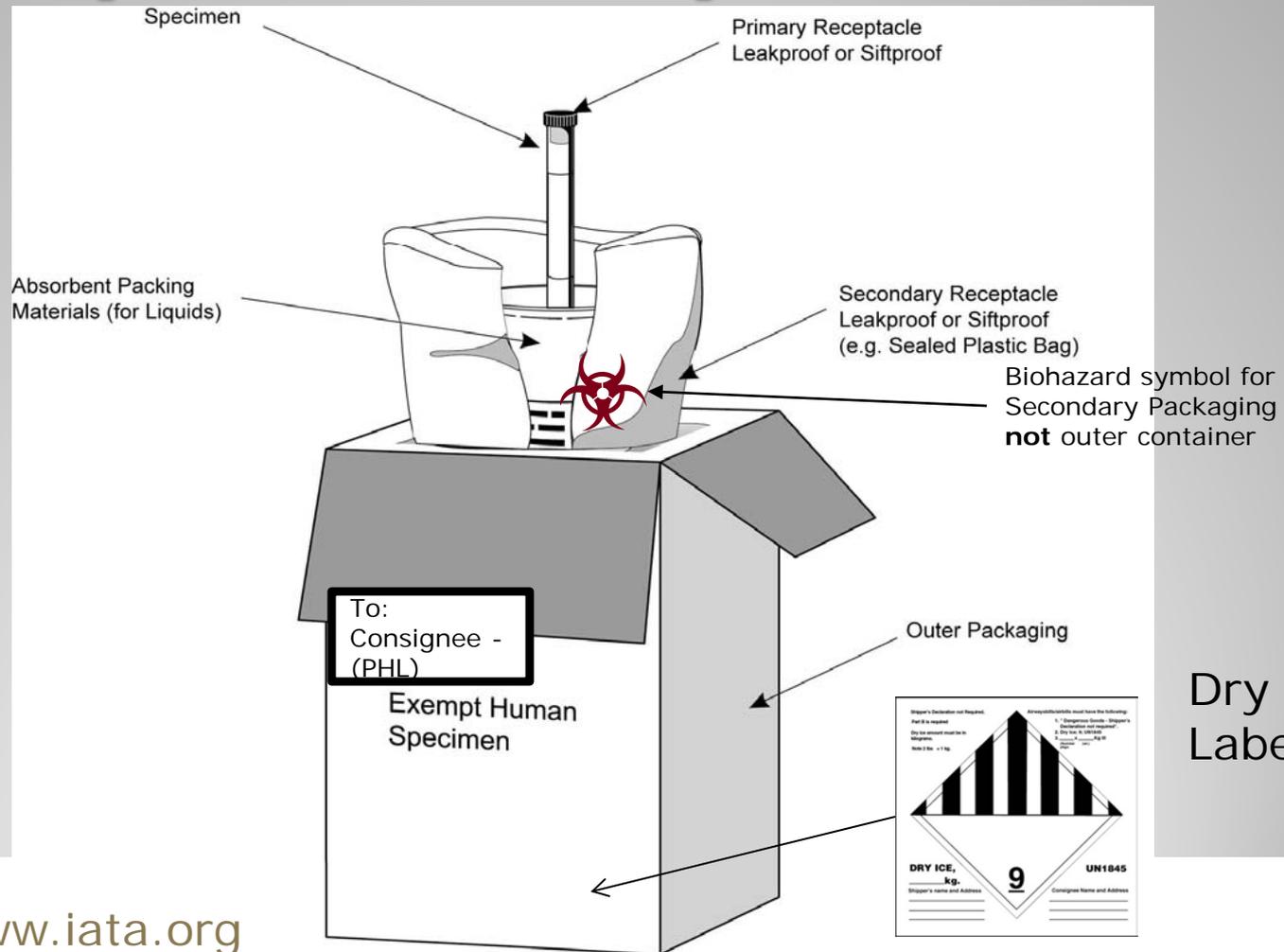
- Labels and markings on the package are the source of information to everyone who transports it.
- Labels must be placed on the packages so that they are not covered.



Exempt Human Specimens

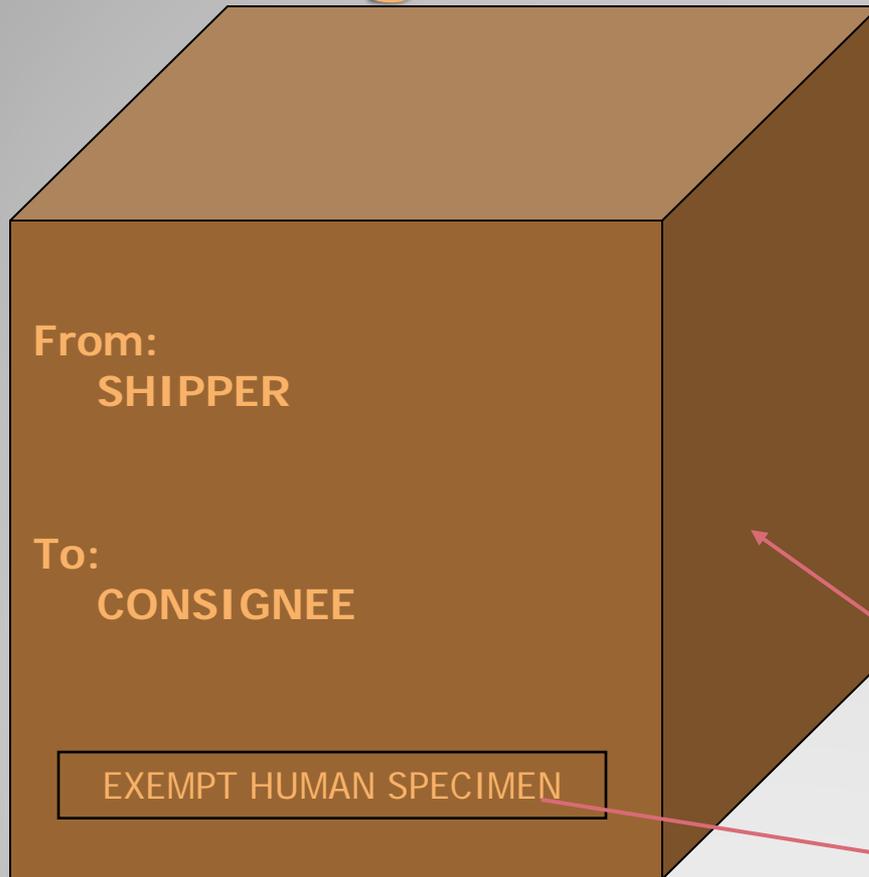
Labeling Outer Container

# Packing and Marking for "Exempt Human Specimen"



Dry Ice Label

# Exempt Specimens – Labeling Air, USPS and Ground



For Secondary Packaging, **not**  
outer container



Rigid outer container

Very Important Label



Shipping Specimens with **Dry Ice**

- Use leather gloves when touching Dry Ice
- Dry Ice is a “dangerous goods, or hazardous material”...if the CO<sub>2</sub> is not released, the container and contents could explode!
- Keep windows down when driving with Dry Ice in the car



**Personal Protection for Dry Ice**

# Dry Ice Packaging Labels & Markings

Shipper's Declaration not Required.  
Part B is required  
Dry ice amount must be in kilograms.  
Note 2 lbs = 1 kg.

Airwaybills/airbills must have the following:  
1. " Dangerous Goods - Shipper's Declaration not required".  
2. Dry Ice; 9; UN1845  
3. \_\_\_\_\_ x \_\_\_\_\_ Kg III  
(Number (wt.)

**DRY ICE,**  
\_\_\_\_\_ **kg.**

Shipper's name and Address  
\_\_\_\_\_  
\_\_\_\_\_  
\_\_\_\_\_

**9**

**UN1845**

Consignee Name and Address  
\_\_\_\_\_  
\_\_\_\_\_  
\_\_\_\_\_

- The address side of each mail piece must be clearly marked with the Dry Ice Label
- Include absorbent pad at the bottom of the container to absorb any condensation
- Break Dry Ice into smaller chunks



## Dry Ice/Refrigerated Container

- When shipped, dry ice will sublimate from a solid to a gas at a rate of 5-10 pounds per 24 hours when shipped in an insulated cooler with lid
  - Therefore, when using dry ice for shipping, it is important to determine how much dry ice is needed to maintain the proper temperature throughout the entire transit time of the shipment.

**Better to have too much  
than too little dry ice!**

**Dry Ice**

## Amount of Dry Ice to Carry

Weight of Frozen Urine	Placement of Dry Ice	Time in Transit				
		4 Hours	8 Hours	12 Hours	24 Hours	36 hrs - 2 Days
<b>1 lb.</b> * ~3 Urine Cups	Top Bottom	12 oz. None	1 ¼ lb None	1 ½ lb. None	3 lbs. 1 lb	5 lbs. 2 lbs.
<b>2 lbs.</b> *1 freezer box/6 Urine Cups	Top Bottom	3 lb		4 lb	8 lb	16 lb
<b>6 lbs.</b> *2 freezer boxes/12 urine Cups	Top Center Bottom	2 lbs. None ½ lb	2 ½ lbs. None ½ lb.	3 lbs. None 1 lb.	5 lbs. 1 lb. 2 lbs.	7 lbs. 1 lb. 3 lbs.
<b>10 lbs.</b>		4 lb		8 lb.	14 lb	18 lb
<b>12 lbs.</b>	Top Center Bottom	2 ½ lbs. None 1 lb.	3 ½ lbs. None 1 ½ lbs	5 lbs. ½ lb 2 lbs.	9 lbs 1 lb 4 lbs.	12 lbs. 1 lb. 6 lbs.
<b>18 lbs.</b>	Top Center Bottom	4 lbs. 1 lb. 2 lbs.	5 lbs. 1 ½ lbs. 3 lbs.	7 lbs 2 lbs. 4 lbs	15 lbs. 3 lbs. 8 lbs	20 lbs. 5 lbs. 10 lbs.

For each additional day add 8 to 15 pounds.

Source: [www.dryiceinfo.com/shipping.htm](http://www.dryiceinfo.com/shipping.htm)

- When shipping FedEx:
  - Completely fill Out FedEx form with proper recipient information (PHL)
- Include CoC **BEHIND FedEx form in the label pouch**
- Be sure to declare *Dry Ice* on shipping paperwork and that proper labeling is on packaging
  - Weight marked in **Kilograms**
- Send tracking information to WEBS team



## Shipping Paperwork



# Label Pouch



Transporting Urine Specimen

- After completion of pick-up, properly pack specimen for shipment/transportation
- Make sure coolers containing specimens are secured and will not shift or tip during transport
  - Can use a seatbelt to secure the cooler
  - Make sure all specimen are **triple packed** and will not spill or touch other specimens
- Leave windows down when driving with Dry Ice to ensure proper ventilation

## Transporting Specimens





- **IF** specimen cannot be shipped same day, they will be stored at the field office freezer for shipment the following day
- Each field staff member is responsible for properly packing, labeling and storing their specimen
  - Field Staff will **initial** top of **CoC** and **masking tape** holding the absorbent pad (with permanent pen)

## Storage of Specimen at Field Office

- Specimens delivered to the PHL must be packed and labeled the same as if you would for FedEx
  - Triple Packed
  - Completed CoC
  - Proper Labeling on Outside of Container
- Coordinate with PHL contact prior to delivering specimen to ensure someone is available to receive
  - Delivery must occur between:  
**8:00 am – 3:00 PM**  
(unless arrangements are made)

**Delivering to PHL**





Identifying Risk & Common Errors

# Where are the Real Risks of Exempt Specimens in Transport?

<b>Potential Risk</b>	<b>Mitigation</b>
<ol style="list-style-type: none"><li>1. Liquid (body fluids)</li><li>2. Touching leaking containers with bare hands with sores, e.g.</li><li>3. Specimens from people who don't feel ill but are infectious</li><li>4. Improperly packaged specimens</li></ol>	<ol style="list-style-type: none"><li>1. Absorbent packaging required</li><li>2. Gloves to protect handlers; clean-up protocols</li><li>3. Likelihood of infections low (&lt;1%); likelihood of transmission lower</li><li>4. Triple packaging</li></ol>

# Packaging Specimens

## Prevent Common Errors

- All forms must be completed in full.
- Label the shipping containers correctly.
- Seal urine containers with Para-film.
- Use enough Dry Ice in Styrofoam cooler to keep specimens cold.
- Place ice outside of secondary package.
- Use triple containment.